

Roll No

MCIT-204

M.E./M.Tech., II Semester Examination, June 2020

Soft Computing

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

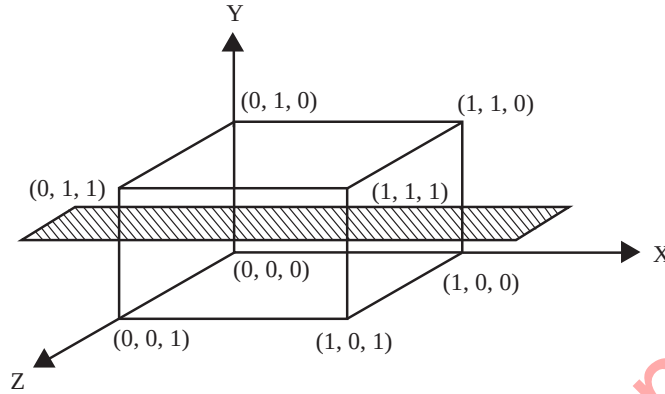
- Note :** i) Attempt any five questions.
ii) All questions carry equal marks.

1. a) Explain Hill Climbing algorithm. 5
b) Discuss A* algorithm with an example. 5
c) Discuss the knowledge representation using predicate logic. 4
2. a) Explain the biological neural system in detail. 4
b) Discuss all the three Artificial Neural Network Architectures and what is the role of hidden layers in the multilayer feed forward network. 6
c) Show that the sigmoidal function is strictly monotonic. 4
3. a) Write a short note on the following applications of Fuzzy logic: 5
i) Medicine
ii) Economics
b) Differentiate the Classic and Fuzzy sets. Explain with suitable example. Also explain the concept of Fuzzy Number with respect to Membership function. 5
c) If A and B are two Fuzzy events of a sample space S. Prove that $P(A/B) + P(\bar{B}) = 1$. 4
4. a) Explain crossover and mutation genetic operators with example. State the rank-space method. 6
b) Write the Genetic Algorithm (GA). Solve an optimization problem using GA. 8
5. a) Discuss the following. 8
i) Rule based structure identification
ii) Neuro-Fuzzy controls
iii) Evolutionary computation
iv) Simulated Annealing
b) Differentiate between classification and regression trees. 6

6. a) Use simple perceptron learning scheme to classify the eight patterns as lying on the ABOVE and BELOW the horizontal shaded plane as shown in the figure underneath. 10

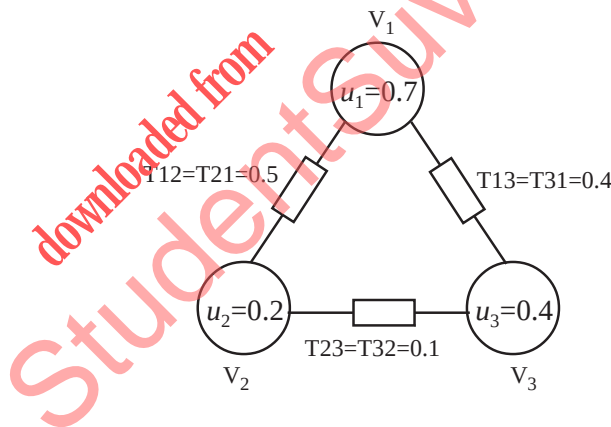
$$\text{The output } O(x) = \begin{cases} \text{ABOVE if } g(x) > 0 \\ \text{BELOW if } g(x) \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

Let the initial weight vector be $(0, 1, 1, 1)$ and $x = 1$.



Draw the truth table for the above problem showing the input and its corresponding desired output. Find the final weight vector when the learning rate $\eta = 1$.

- b) What is the role of bias in the neural network? Explain any four activation functions. 4
7. a) Consider the 3-node Hopfield net with the initial weights and thresholds as indicated in figure below. 7



Train the above network such that the pattern 110 becomes stable. Draw the transition diagram corresponding to the trained Hopfield net indicating energy of each node.

- b) Solve the traveling salesman problem using genetic algorithm where the distance matrix for six cities is given as: 7

	A	B	C	D	E	F
A	0	12	32	27	14	5
B	12	0	21	17	30	19
C	32	21	0	9	33	40
D	27	17	9	0	15	18
E	14	30	33	15	0	28
F	5	19	40	18	28	0

Let the initial population consists of 4 individuals : (A B C D E F), (F E D C B A), (A D F B C E) and (B A C E D F). For the chromosome (1 1 0 0 1 0) and using uniform based crossover operator generate the offsprings for two iterations.

8. a) Discuss the back propagation algorithm. 8
- b) Explain the following with example. 6
- i) Fuzzy Union
 - ii) Fuzzy Intersection
 - iii) Fuzzy Complement
 - iv) Fuzzy Cartesian product

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